

Question 1:

Find all horizontal, vertical asymptotes and oblique asymptotes if any:

$$1. f(x) = \frac{x^4}{x^2 + 4x + 4}$$

$$2. f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 + 4}$$

$$3. f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 2x - 3}{x^3 - x}$$

$$4. f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 2x}{x^2 - x}$$

Question 2:

For the functions $f(x) = \frac{4x}{3x - 6}$, and $f(x) = 6x(x - 1)^3$ find:

- the domain
- the x-intercept(s) and the y-intercept
- the vertical asymptote(s) and the horizontal asymptote(s) (if any)
- The increasing, decreasing intervals and all local max and Min if any
- The concave upward and downward intervals and all inflection point(s) if any
- Graph the function

Question 3: Sketch the graph of a function with the following properties:

- Domain: $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$
- Vertical asymptote: $x = 0$ and No Horizontal asymptote
- $f(-3) = -3$ and $f(3) = 3$.
- $f'(-3) = f'(3) = 0$
- $f'(x) > 0$ on $(-\infty, -3) \cup (3, \infty)$ and $f'(x) < 0$ on $(-3, 0) \cup (0, 3)$.
- $f''(x) > 0$ on $(0, \infty)$ and $f''(x) < 0$ on $(-\infty, 0)$.

Question 3:

Find the absolute max and min, if either exists, for each function.

1. $f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 3$ on $[0,3]$
2. $f(x) = x + \frac{4}{x}$ on $(0,4)$
3. $f(x) = (x-5)^5 + 1$ on $[3,6]$

Question 4:

Find the derivative of the following Functions

1. $f(x) = 4x + e^{-2x} + \ln(x^2 + 1)$
2. $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \log_3(2x^2 + 3x - 1)$
3. $f(t) = e^{(t^2 + 4)}$
4. $f(x) = 3\cos(x^2 - 2x)$
5. $f(x) = \tan\left(\frac{x^3 - 3x}{x^2}\right)$

Question 5:

Use Riemann sum to find the approximate value of the following definite integrals and check you answer using the fundamental theorem of calculus:

1. $\int_1^3 1 - 2x^2 dx$
2. $\int_0^2 x^3 dx$

Question 6: Find the following integrals:

1. $\int (3x^2 - \frac{2}{x^2}) dx$
2. $\int \frac{e^x - 3x^2}{2} dx$

3. $\int_1^3 (\sqrt[3]{x^2} - \frac{4}{x^3})$

4. $\int \frac{x^2 + 2x - 1}{x} dx$

5. $\int_0^1 \frac{4x^3}{\sqrt{x^4 + 3}} dx$

6. $\int_2^4 \frac{x-1}{(x^2 - 2x + 3)^3} dx$

Question 7: Optimization Problems**PROBLEM 1:**

A window is being built and the bottom is a rectangle and the top is a semicircle. If there is 12 meters of framing materials what must the dimensions of the window be to let in the most light?

PROBLEM 2: Determine the point(s) on $y = x^2 + 1$ that are closest to $(0, 2)$

PROBLEM 3: We need to enclose a field with a fence. We have 500 feet of fencing material and a building is on one side of the field. Determine the dimensions of the field that will enclose the largest area.

PROBLEM 4: Determine the area of the largest rectangle that can be inscribed in a circle of radius 4.